WEST Search History



DATE: Wednesday, October 13, 2004

Hide?	Set Name	e Query	Hit Count
	DB=PG	PB,USPT; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ	
	L9	L8 and p31	2
	L8	L7 and ethylene	122
	L7	L6 and (promoter or terminator) [clm]	274
	L6	regulatory element and banana and fruit	364
	L5	L4 and fruit [clm]	41
	L4	L3 and banana [clm]	92
	L3	L2 and promoter [clm]	521
	L2	L1 and fruit	886
	L1	banana and promoter	1198

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:ssspta1649axm

PASSWORD:

TERMINAL (ENTER 1, 2, 3, OR ?):2

```
Welcome to STN International
NEWS
                 Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
NEWS
                 "Ask CAS" for self-help around the clock
NEWS
         Jul 12
                 BEILSTEIN enhanced with new display and select options,
                 resulting in a closer connection to BABS
NEWS
         AUG 02
                 IFIPAT/IFIUDB/IFICDB reloaded with new search and display
                 fields
         AUG 02
NEWS
                 CAplus and CA patent records enhanced with European and Japan
                 Patent Office Classifications
NEWS
         AUG 02
                 The Analysis Edition of STN Express with Discover!
      6
                 (Version 7.01 for Windows) now available
NEWS
      7
         AUG 27
                 BIOCOMMERCE: Changes and enhancements to content coverage
NEWS
         AUG 27
                 BIOTECHABS/BIOTECHDS: Two new display fields added for legal
                 status data from INPADOC
         SEP 01
                 INPADOC: New family current-awareness alert (SDI) available
NEWS 9
NEWS 10
         SEP 01
                 New pricing for the Save Answers for SciFinder Wizard within
                 STN Express with Discover!
         SEP 01
NEWS 11
                 New display format, HITSTR, available in WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX
NEWS 12
                 STN Patent Forum to be held October 13, 2004, in Iselin, NJ
         SEP 14
NEWS 13
         SEP 27
                 STANDARDS will no longer be available on STN
NEWS 14
        SEP 27
                 SWETSCAN will no longer be available on STN
NEWS EXPRESS
              JULY 30 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V7.01, CURRENT
              MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 11 AUGUST 2004
NEWS HOURS
              STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS INTER
              General Internet Information
NEWS LOGIN
              Welcome Banner and News Items
              Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS PHONE
NEWS WWW
              CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)
```

Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that specific topic.

All use of STN is subject to the provisions of the STN Customer agreement. Please note that this agreement limits use to scientific research. Use for software development or design or implementation of commercial gateways or other similar uses is prohibited and may result in loss of user privileges and other penalties.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:35:49 ON 13 OCT 2004

=> file agricola caplus biosis
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 17:35:59 ON 13 OCT 2004

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:35:59 ON 13 OCT 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 17:35:59 ON 13 OCT 2004 Copyright (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation.

=> s banana and (promoter or terminator or terminater)
L1 144 BANANA AND (PROMOTER OR TERMINATOR OR TERMINATER)

=> s l1 and fruit L2 42 L1 AND FRUIT

=> dup rem 12

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L2 L3 42 DUP REM L2 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-10 ti

- L3 ANSWER 1 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI MaExp1, an ethylene-induced expansin from ripening banana fruit
- L3 ANSWER 2 OF 42 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
- TI Prototype demonstration of transgenic resistance to the nematode Radopholus similis conferred on **banana** by a cystatin.
- L3 ANSWER 3 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI DNA regulatory elements associated with fruit development
- L3 ANSWER 4 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Sequences of banana and melon promoters for expression of transgenes in plants
- L3 ANSWER 5 OF 42 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
- TI Tolerance of mycorrhized banana (Musa sp. cv. Pacovan) plantlets to saline stress.
- L3 ANSWER 6 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Genetic vector comprising pea gene PPF1 protein for regulating plant growth and for producing anti aging food
- L3 ANSWER 7 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Expression of recombinant human papillomavirus capsid proteins in plants and uses as an oral vaccine
- L3 ANSWER 8 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- Usage of zinc finger protein to regulate gene expression and metabolic pathways in plants and creation of five zinc finger proteins
- L3 ANSWER 9 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Banana fruit specific promoter isolated from banana 1-aminocyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid synthase gene
- L3 ANSWER 10 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Method of producing human insulin by utilizing transgenic tomato

- L3 ANSWER 4 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 50 pp., Division of U.S. Ser. No. 527,972. CODEN: USXXCO

=> d 9 so

- L3 ANSWER 9 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 26 pp. CODEN: CNXXEV

=> d 9 so

- L3 ANSWER 9 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 26 pp. CODEN: CNXXEV

=> d 10 ab

- L3 ANSWER 10 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AB The method comprises synthesizing human insulin gene, cloning into EcoRI and BamHI sites of vector pGEM-11Z to obtain plasmid pGEM11Z-Ins; digesting plasmid pTM or pB1221 with HindIII and XbaI to obtain fruit-specific promoter p2a12 or CaMV 35S promoter, cloning into plasmid pGEM11Z-Ins, cloning into dibasic expression vector to obtain plant expression vector pCAM2a12-ins; transforming into tomato (or other vegetable or fruit), parentally generating to F1; and deactivating seed of F2 by site-specific recombinant system. The synthetic human insulin consists of A chain, B chain, and 6-AA linker, and 13/63 bp in A chain and 18/90 bp in B chain are replaced. The site-specific recombinant system is selected from Cre-lox, FLP-FRT, R- RS, and/or Gin-gix. The transcription of insulin gene in seed of F2 is inhibited by deletion insulin gene or by using hormone regulating gene (such as iaaM gene or ipi gene) or RNase gene.

=> d 11-20 ti

- L3 ANSWER 11 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Method for knocking out exogenous genes from specific tissues or organs of transgenic plants by utilizing location recombination system
- L3 ANSWER 12 OF 42 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
- TI The banana actin 1 promoter drives near-constitutive transgene expression in vegetative tissues of banana (Musa spp.).
- L3 ANSWER 13 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Cloning of promoter of banana fruit ripening-related gene ACO1 and primary study on its function
- L3 ANSWER 14 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Cloning of promoter of banana fruit-specific ACC synthase gene and its function
- L3 ANSWER 15 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Method for producing transgenic plants resistant to glyphosate herbicides
- L3 ANSWER 16 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Method for producing transgenic plants resistant to glyphosate herbicides

- L3 ANSWER 17 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Method for producing transgenic plants resistant to glyphosate herbicides
- L3 ANSWER 18 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Banana and melon promoters for expression of transgenes in plants
- L3 ANSWER 19 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Expression of immunogenic hepatitis B surface antigens in transgenic plants
- L3 ANSWER 20 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Orally immunogenic bacterial enterotoxins expressed in transgenic plants

=> d 13 so

- L3 ANSWER 13 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- SO Shengwu Gongcheng Xuebao (2001), 17(4), 428-431 CODEN: SGXUED; ISSN: 1000-3061

=> d 14 so

- L3 ANSWER 14 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- SO Shengwu Gongcheng Xuebao (2001), 17(3), 293-296 CODEN: SGXUED; ISSN: 1000-3061

=> d 18 so

- L3 ANSWER 18 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 72 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

=> d 18 pi

- L3 ANSWER 18 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
- PI WO 2000056863 A1 20000928 WO 2000-US7293 20000317

W: AU, CA, JP

RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

EP 1165755 A1 20020102 EP 2000-918138 20000317 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,

IE, FI JP 2002539779 T2 20021126 JP 2000-606722 20000317

=> d 21-30 ti

- L3 ANSWER 21 OF 42 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
- TI Promoters derived from **banana** bunchy top virus DNA-1 to -5 direct vascular-associated expression in transgenic **banana** (Musa spp.).
- L3 ANSWER 22 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Herbicide binding proteins and transgenic plants containing them
- L3 ANSWER 23 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

- TI cDNAs of banana fruit development and the gene products and developmentally-regulated promoter regions
- L3 ANSWER 24 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI cDNA sequence of **banana** 1-aminocyclopropanecarboxylate synthase and aminocyclopropanecarboxylate oxidase, and vectors containing cDNAs used for genetic transformation of plants
- L3 ANSWER 25 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Genetic control of fruit ripening
- L3 ANSWER 26 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Transgenic plant or plants with a naturally high water content overproducing at least two amino acids of the aspartate family
- L3 ANSWER 27 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Genetic control of **fruit** ripening and senescence in banana
- L3 ANSWER 28 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI The **promoter** of the 1-aminocyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid oxidase gene of **banana** and its uses
- L3 ANSWER 29 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Coordinated inhibition of plant gene expression
- L3 ANSWER 30 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Transgenic plants with increased solids content

=> d 23 pi

L3	ANSWER																		
	PATENT	NO.		KIND DATE						APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
														-	_		-		
PΙ										WO 1998-US3343						19980923			
	WO 9915668 A3 19991007																		
	₩:	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,		
		DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IS,	JP,	KE,		
					ΚZ,														
					PL,														
					UΖ,														
	RW	: GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,		
					GR,														
					GW,											,	•		
	CA 230	1109			AA	-	1999	0401	CA 1998-2304109						19980923				
	AU 989	1712			A1		1999	0412	1	AU 19	998-	9471:	2		19	99809	923		
	EP 101	7820			A2	2	2000	0712]	EP 19	998-9	9480	58		19	99809	923		
		ΑT,																	
		IE,			•	•	·	•	•	•	- ,	-,	,	,	,	,	,		
	JP 2001517446				T2	2	2001	1009		JP 20	000-9	51296	60		19	99809	923		

=> d 25 ab

- L3 ANSWER 25 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AB A method of modulating the ripening and/or senescence characteristics in plants of the genus Musa comprises transforming plants with one or more sequences obtainable from the deposited cDNA library having the accession number 40183, regenerating said plants and selecting from the population of transformants those plants having modulated and/or tissue senescence characteristics.

L3 ANSWER 26 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AB A chimeric double gene construct comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding an enzyme having aspartate kinase (AK) activity and a nucleic acid sequence encoding an enzyme having dihydrodipicolinate synthase (DHPS) activity is provided. This construct is capable of differential expression of the two genes resulting in an increased level of both lysine and threonine more than 5-fold the wild type level of each amino acid in a plant or parts thereof (no data). Expression constructs pAAP50 and pAAP60 for potato and sugar beet were prepared These plasmids contained a first chimeric gene comprising the enhanced cauliflower mosaic virus 35S **promoter**, the Ω sequence from the coat protein of tobacco mosaic virus, the pea rbcS-3A transit peptide sequence, the lysC gene of Escherichia coli and the termination signal of the octopine synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens and a second chimeric gene comprising the patatin **promoter**, Ω sequence, rbcS-3A transit sequence, dapA gene of E. coli and octopine synthase termination signal.

=> d 28 ab

ANSWER 28 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

The promoter of the 1-aminocyclopropane-1-carboxylic acid oxidase (ACC oxidase) gene of banana is characterized e sequenced for use in driving expression of foreign genes in transgenic plants. The gene was cloned by screening a banana genomic library in LambdaFixII with an apple ACC oxidase cDNA. The gene is strongly expressed during fruit ripening, but was absent from green fruit pulp and peel.

=> d 28 so

L3 ANSWER 28 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN SO PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

=> d 28 pi

L_3	ANSWER	28 O	F 42	CA	PLUS	CO	PYRI	\mathtt{GHT}	2004	ACS	on .	\mathtt{STN}						
	PATENT		KIN	D .	DATE		APPLICATION NO.					DATE						
							- -	-										
PΙ	WO 9738106				A1		1997	1016	WO 1997-GB654						19970311			
	W:	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	ΑZ,	·BA,	BB,	ВG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	
		DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	ΗU,	ΙL,	IS,	JP,	KΕ,	KG,	ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT,	
		RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	
		AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	\mathbf{TM}								
	RW:	GH,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	
		GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	
		ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG											
	AU 9719	324			A1		1997	1029	i	AU 19	997-	1932	4		19	9970	311	

=> d 29 ab

- L3 ANSWER 29 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AB A process for the inhibition of two or more target genes comprises introducing into the plant a single control gene which has distinct DNA regions homologous to each of the target genes and a promoter operative in plants adapted to transcribe from such distinct regions RNA that inhibits expression of each of the target genes. Constructs suitable

for use in the process, as well as cells and plants containing such constructs are disclosed. Transgenic tomato plants expressing, from the cauliflower mosaic virus 35 S promoter, a gene for RNA complementary to both the pectinesterase and polygalacturonase genes were prepared Both genes producing sense RNA and those producing antisense RNA reduced pectinesterase and polygalacturonase activities in the transgenic plants. This trait was inheritable.

=> d 30 ab

- L3 ANSWER 30 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AB A method for preparation of transgenic plants that bear fruits having increased solid contents by inhibiting the expression of the pTOM36 gene is described. Expression of the pTOM36 gene is inhibited by the antisense RNA of the gene. Three plasmids for generating the antisense RNA of the pTOM36 gene under the control of a constitutive/inducible promoter, e.g. the CaMV 35S promoter, were prepared Homozygous fruits of tomato plants transformed with plasmid pJR136B encoding the antisense RNA of bases 1-538 of the pTOM36 gene exhibited significantly increase of solid contents.

=> d 31-40 ti

- L3 ANSWER 31 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Cloning of pectinesterase cDNA of tomato for altering ripening properties of fruits
- L3 ANSWER 32 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Plant glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase genes under control of heterologous promoters for use in controlling **fruit** ripening in transgenic plants
- L3 ANSWER 33 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI DNA constructs containing pTOM75 DNA and transgenic plants containing these constructs
- L3 ANSWER 34 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Control of **fruit** ripening and senescence in plants by expression of aminocyclopropanecarboxylic acid-metabolizing enzyme gene
- L3 ANSWER 35 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI DNA constructs for regulation of **fruit** ripening, and transgenic plants containing them
- L3 ANSWER 36 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI **Fruit**-ripening genes from tomato and their use in controlling ripening
- L3 ANSWER 37 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Effects of sense and antisense transcripts of lycopene biosynthesis gene on **fruit** and flower color
- L3 ANSWER 38 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Method for inhibiting specific gene product production in plants
- L3 ANSWER 39 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Transgenic plants producing antisense RNA
- L3 ANSWER 40 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI The effect of growth inhibitors and promoter on the growth, flowering and fruit size of banana plants

=> d 32 ab

ANSWER 32 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AB A constitutive, inducible, or developmentally regulated promoter is fused to part or all of a plant glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH) gene such that the gene, when expressed in transgenic plants, produces sense or antisense RNA. By controlling the expression of this gene, the level of respiration in fruit during ripening is also controlled. Plasmids containing a fragment of the coding region of tomato GAPDH linked to the 35S or polygalacturonase gene promoter in the sense or antisense direction were prepared

=> d 32 ab

ANSWER 32 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AB A constitutive, inducible, or developmentally regulated promoter is fused to part or all of a plant glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase (GAPDH) gene such that the gene, when expressed in transgenic plants, produces sense or antisense RNA. By controlling the expression of this gene, the level of respiration in fruit during ripening is also controlled. Plasmids containing a fragment of the coding region of tomato GAPDH linked to the 35S or polygalacturonase gene promoter in the sense or antisense direction were prepared

=> d 37 ab

ANSWER 37 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

A fruit ripening-specific gene of tomato that is involved in the biosynthesis of lycopene is used to modulate color development in fruit and flowers. Antisense transcripts expression vectors were prepared using the cauliflower mosaic virus 35S promoter, or the tomato polygalacturonase gene promoter and fragments of the gene from the plasmid pTOM5. These were then introduced into tomato plants by Agrobacterium-mediated transformation. In 37 transformants prepared using the polygalacturonase promoter-driven expression unit the fruit remained yellow even when overripe. Lycopene was present at <2% of the normal levels. In plants carrying one copy of the gene per cell the inheritance was simple Medelian. Expression of the gene in the sense orientation resulted in fruit of a deeper red color.

=> d 40 ab

ANSWER 40 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

Ethrel [16672-87-0] sprays applied to banana (Musa acuminata)
plants 3 times at weekly intervals, starting 3 months after transplanting,
sharply decreased stem height and circumference and decreased
fruit yield, whereas alar [1596-84-5] and abscisic acid
[21293-29-8] slightly inhibited plant growth but increased fruit
yield. Ethrel increased the number of days between transplanting and
flowering, and between flowering and harvest; abscisic acid had the
reverse effect. Gibberellic acid K salt (I) [125-67-7] greatly increased
stem height and circumference, the number of days to harvest, and yield,
length, weight, and volume of fruit. I applied directly to
fruit also increased fruit weight, length, and volume, and
did not affect ripening time. Abscisic acid and alar also increased
fruit length, and abscisic acid increased fruit weight

- ANSWER 41 OF 42 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved. (2004) on STN
- TI The effect of growth inhibitors and promoter on the growth, flowering and fruit size of banana plants
- ANSWER 42 OF 42 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved. (2004) on STN
- TI The effect of growth inhibitors and promoter on the growth, flowering and fruit size of banana plants
- => d 42 ab
- ANSWER 42 OF 42 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved. (2004) on STN
- => d 42 so
- L3 ANSWER 42 OF 42 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved. (2004) on STN
- SO Malays Agric Res, Apr 1975 Vol. 4, No. 1, pp. 19-29.
- => dis his

L1

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:35:49 ON 13 OCT 2004)

FILE 'AGRICOLA, CAPLUS, BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 17:35:59 ON 13 OCT 2004

144 S BANANA AND (PROMOTER OR TERMINATOR OR TERMINATER)

L2 42 S L1 AND FRUIT

L3 42 DUP REM L2 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 13 and ethylene

'AND' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT

'ETHYLENE' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT

In a multifile environment, a format can only be used if it is valid in at least one of the files. Refer to file specific help messages or the STNGUIDE file for information on formats available in individual files.

REENTER DISPLAY FORMAT FOR ALL FILES (FILEDEFAULT):ti

- L3 ANSWER 1 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI MaExpl, an ethylene-induced expansin from ripening banana fruit
- => s 13 and ethylene

L4 7 L3 AND ETHYLENE

=> dup rem 17

L7 IS NOT VALID HERE

The L-number entered has not been defined in this session, or it has been deleted. To see the L-numbers currently defined in this session, enter DISPLAY HISTORY at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> d 1-7 ti

- L4 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI MaExp1, an ethylene-induced expansin from ripening banana fruit
- L4 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI DNA regulatory elements associated with fruit development
- L4 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Sequences of banana and melon promoters for expression of transgenes in plants
- L4 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI cDNAs of banana fruit development and the gene products and developmentally-regulated promoter regions
- L4 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI cDNA sequence of **banana** 1-aminocyclopropanecarboxylate synthase and aminocyclopropanecarboxylate oxidase, and vectors containing cDNAs used for genetic transformation of plants
- L4 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Control of **fruit** ripening and senescence in plants by expression of aminocyclopropanecarboxylic acid-metabolizing enzyme gene
- L4 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI DNA constructs containing pTOM75 DNA and transgenic plants containing these constructs

=> d so

- L4 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- SO Plant Science (Amsterdam, Netherlands) (2004), 167(6), 1351-1358 CODEN: PLSCE4; ISSN: 0168-9452

=> d 2 so

- L4 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 193 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 160,351. CODEN: USXXCO

=> d 2pi

'2PI' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT FOR FILE 'CAPLUS'

The following are valid formats:

- ABS ----- GI and AB
- ALL ----- BIB, AB, IND, RE
- APPS ----- AI, PRAI
- BIB ----- AN, plus Bibliographic Data and PI table (default)
- CAN ----- List of CA abstract numbers without answer numbers
- CBIB ----- AN, plus Compressed Bibliographic Data
- DALL ----- ALL, delimited (end of each field identified)
- DMAX ----- MAX, delimited for post-processing
- FAM ----- AN, PI and PRAI in table, plus Patent Family data
- FBIB ----- AN, BIB, plus Patent FAM
- IND ----- Indexing data
- IPC ----- International Patent Classifications
- MAX ----- ALL, plus Patent FAM, RE
- PATS ----- PI, SO

SAM ----- CC, SX, TI, ST, IT SCAN ----- CC, SX, TI, ST, IT (random display, no answer numbers; SCAN must be entered on the same line as the DISPLAY, e.g., D SCAN or DISPLAY SCAN) STD ----- BIB, IPC, and NCL IABS ----- ABS, indented with text labels IALL ----- ALL, indented with text labels IBIB ------ BIB, indented with text labels IMAX ----- MAX, indented with text labels ISTD ------ STD, indented with text labels OBIB ----- AN, plus Bibliographic Data (original) OIBIB ----- OBIB, indented with text labels SBIB ----- BIB, no citations SIBIB ----- IBIB, no citations HIT ----- Fields containing hit terms HITIND ----- IC, ICA, ICI, NCL, CC and index field (ST and IT) containing hit terms HITRN ----- HIT RN and its text modification HITSTR ----- HIT RN, its text modification, its CA index name, and its structure diagram HITSEQ ----- HIT RN, its text modification, its CA index name, its structure diagram, plus NTE and SEQ fields FHITSTR ---- First HIT RN, its text modification, its CA index name, and its structure diagram FHITSEQ ---- First HIT RN, its text modification, its CA index name, its structure diagram, plus NTE and SEQ fields KWIC ----- Hit term plus 20 words on either side OCC ----- Number of occurrence of hit term and field in which it occurs

To display a particular field or fields, enter the display field codes. For a list of the display field codes, enter HELP DFIELDS at an arrow prompt (=>). Examples of formats include: TI; TI,AU; BIB,ST; TI,IND; TI,SO. You may specify the format fields in any order and the information will be displayed in the same order as the format specification.

All of the formats (except for SAM, SCAN, HIT, HITIND, HITRN, HITSTR, FHITSTR, HITSEQ, FHITSEQ, KWIC, and OCC) may be used with DISPLAY ACC to view a specified Accession Number.
ENTER DISPLAY FORMAT (BIB):pi

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

=> d 2 pi

L4	ANSWER 2 OF 7	CAPLUS COP	YRIGHT 2004	ACS on STN	
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2003226175	A1	20031204	US 2001-892635	20010628
	US 6284946	B1	20010904	US 1998-160351	19980925

=> d 3 so

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

OU.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 50 pp., Division of U.S. Ser. No. 527,972. CODEN: USXXCO

```
=> d 3 pi
```

```
ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
    PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
                                        _______
                      ____
                             _____
    US 2003182690
                                       US 2003-431304
US 2000-527972
                             20030925
                       A1
                                                             20030506
                             20031104 US 2000-527972
    US 6642438
                       В1
                                                             20000317
=> d 4 pi
    ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
                                                            DATE
    PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
                      ----
                             _____
                                        ______
                                                             ______
    WO 9915668
                             19990401 WO 1998-US3343
                                                            19980923
ΡI
                       A2
    WO 9915668
                       A3
                             19991007
        W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
           DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE,
            KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW,
            MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR,
            TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
            FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
            CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                       AA 19990401 CA 1998-2304109
    CA 2304109
                                                             19980923
                    A1 19990412 AU 1998-94712
A2 20000712 EP 1998-948058
    AU 9894712
                                                            19980923
    EP 1017820
                                                            19980923
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, FI
                                      JP 2000-512960
                       T2
                           20011009
    JP 2001517446
                                                             19980923
=> s p31
L5
         1700 P31
=> s 15 and 13
          1 L5 AND L3
L6
=> d ti
    ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L6
    DNA regulatory elements associated with fruit development
=> d pi
    ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L6
    PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
                      ----
                                        ______
                     A1 20031204 US 2001-892635
PΙ
    US 2003226175
                                                            20010628
                      B1 20010904 US 1998-160351
    US 6284946
\Rightarrow s ((may, g?) or (may g?))/au
          916 ((MAY, G?) OR (MAY G?))/AU
=> s 17 and banana
          40 L7 AND BANANA
=> dup rem 18
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L8
           22 DUP REM L8 (18 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> d 1-10 ti
```

- L9 ANSWER 1 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI DNA regulatory elements associated with fruit development
- L9 ANSWER 2 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Targeted in vivo mutagenesis of plant genes without the use of chimeric oligonucleotides
- L9 ANSWER 3 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Cell-free assay for plant gene targeting and conversion
- L9 ANSWER 4 OF 22 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
- TI Banana DNA associated with fruit development.
- ANSWER 5 OF 22 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN

 DUPLICATE 1
- TI Agrobacterium-mediated transformation of embryogenic cell suspensions of the **banana** cultivar Rasthali (AAB).
- L9 ANSWER 6 OF 22 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 2
- TI Development of a transformational system for Mycosphaerella pathogens of banana: a tool for the study of host/pathogen interactions.
- L9 ANSWER 7 OF 22 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 3
- TI Purification, characterization and structural analysis of an abundant beta-1,3-glucanase from banana fruit.
- L9 ANSWER 8 OF 22 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4
- TI Identification and chromosomal localization of the monkey retrotransposon in Musa sp.
- L9 ANSWER 9 OF 22 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 5
- TI Purification and structural analysis of an abundant thaumatin-like protein from ripe banana fruit.
- L9 ANSWER 10 OF 22 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 6
- TI Fruit-specific lectins from banana and plantain.

=> d 4 ab

- L9 ANSWER 4 OF 22 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
- AB The present invention provides isolated and purified genes which are differentially expressed during banana fruit development, and the protein products of these genes. The present invention further provides DNA regulatory elements which are differentially expressed during banana fruit development, chimeric genes comprising these DNA regulatory elements operably linked to heterologous DNA molecules, and

plants transformed with said chimeric genes, providing for controlled expression of said heterologous DNA molecules during the development and ripening of the fruit of said plants, or in response to exogenous ethylene signals in said plants. The present invention also provides a method for expression of a heterologous protein in fruit comprising transforming fruiting plants with one or more chimeric genes according to the present invention, exposing said fruit to an endogenous or exogenous ethylene signal, and harvesting fruit containing said heterologous protein. The method of the present invention may further comprise isolated the proteins produced by said method from the harvested fruit. In a particularly preferred embodiment, the heterologous protein is a therapeutic protein, which may be isolated from the harvested fruit, or consumed directly in the transformed fruit by a patient in need of said therapeutic protein.

=> d 4 pi

- L9 ANSWER 4 OF 22 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
- PI US 6284946 September 04, 2001

=> d 5 ab

- L9 ANSWER 5 OF 22 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 1
- A protocol was developed for establishing embryogenic suspension cultures AΒ from in vitro-grown, thin shoot-tip sections of the banana cultivar Rasthali. The best medium for callus induction was an MS-based medium supplemented with 2 mg/l 2,4-D and 0.2 mg/l zeatin. The callus was transferred to liquid medium to establish embryogenic cell suspensions. These cultures were subsequently used for Agrobacterium-mediated transformation. The Agrobacterium tumefaciens strain EHA105 containing the binary vector pVGSUN with the als gene as a selectable marker and an intron-containing the gusA gene as a reporter gene was used for transformations. The herbicide Glean was used as a selection agent. Two hundred putative transformants were recovered, of which a set of 16 was tested by histochemical analysis for GUS expression and by Southern blot analysis with a probe for the gusA gene. The plants were positive for GUS expression and integration of the gusA gene. Two of the transformants were grown to maturity under greenhouse conditions. Bananas were harvested to test GUS expression by histochemical analysis. The fruit from both transgenics tested positive for GUS expression.

=> d 5 pi

'PI' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT

In a multifile environment, a format can only be used if it is valid in at least one of the files. Refer to file specific help messages or the STNGUIDE file for information on formats available in individual files.

REENTER DISPLAY FORMAT FOR ALL FILES (FILEDEFAULT):so

- L9 ANSWER 5 OF 22 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 1
- SO Plant cell reports, Feb 2001. Vol. 20, No. 2. p. 157-162 Publisher: Berlin : Springer-Verlag. CODEN: PCRPD8; ISSN: 0721-7714

- => s (clendennen s?) or (clendennen, s?))/au
 UNMATCHED RIGHT PARENTHESIS 'S?))/AU'
 The number of right parentheses in a query must be equal to the number of left parentheses.
- => s ((clendennen s?) or (clendennen, s?))/au L10 45 ((CLENDENNEN S?) OR (CLENDENNEN, S?))/AU
- => s 110 and banana L11 17 L10 AND BANANA
- => d 1-12 ti
- L12 ANSWER 1 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI DNA regulatory elements associated with fruit development
- L12 ANSWER 2 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Sequences of banana and melon promoters for expression of transgenes in plants
- L12 ANSWER 3 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
- TI Banana DNA associated with fruit development.
- L12 ANSWER 4 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Banana and melon promoters for expression of transgenes in plants
- L12 ANSWER 5 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1
- TI Identification and chromosomal localization of the monkey retrotransposon in Musa sp.
- L12 ANSWER 6 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI cDNAs of banana fruit development and the gene products and developmentally-regulated promoter regions
- L12 ANSWER 7 OF 12 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN

 DUPLICATE 2
- TI The abundant 31-kilodalton banana pulp protein is homologous to class-III acidic chitinases.
- L12 ANSWER 8 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI The abundant 31-kilodalton **banana** pulp protein is homologous to class-III acidic chitinases
- L12 ANSWER 9 OF 12 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 3
- TI Differential gene expression in ripening banana fruit.
- L12 ANSWER 10 OF 12 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN

 DUPLICATE 4
- TI The role of ethylene in banana fruit ripening.
- L12 ANSWER 11 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on

STN

- TI The influence of metal ions and hydrogen peroxide on the expression of a novel fruit-associated class of metallothioneins from **banana** (Musa acuminata cv Grand nain).
- L12 ANSWER 12 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
- TI Isolation and identification of genes differentially expressed during banana fruit ripening.

=> d 4 ab

L12 ANSWER 4 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AB The present invention is directed to banana fruit-associated promoters, a melon actin promoter and banana fusion promoters capable of providing expression of heterologous genes in addition to heterologous nucleic acid constructs, vectors, transformation methods, transgenic plant cells and transgenic plants comprising such promoters. The invention is also directed to methods for screening plant promoters in various types of plant tissue using a transient expression assay.

=> d 4 pi

L12	AN:	SWER	4 OF	12	CAP	LUS	COP	YRIGH	IT 20	004	ACS	on S	TN							
	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE						APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
												·	-			_				
ΡI	WO	2000	0568	63		A1	2	20000	928		WO 2	2000-	US72	93		2	0000	317		
		W:	AU,	CA,	JP											_		J _ ,		
		RW:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,		
			PT,									-		,	•	•	•	•		
	ΕP	1165				A1		20020									0000			
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,		
			ΙE,													•	•	•		
	JP	2002	5397	79		T2	2	20021	.126		JP 2	000-	6067	22		20	0000	317		

=> d 7 ab

- L12 ANSWER 7 OF 12 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN

 DUPLICATE 2
- AB We have identified and characterized the abundant protein from the pulp of banana fruit (Musa acuminata cv. Grand Nain), and have isolated a cDNA clone encoding this protein. Comparison of the amino terminal sequence of the purified 31 kDa protein (P31) suggests that it is related to plant chitinases. Western analyses utilizing rabbit anti-P31 antiserum demonstrate that this protein is pulp-specific in banana. A full-length cDNA clone homologous to class III acidic chitinase genes has been isolated from a pulp cDNA library by differential screening. The identity of this clone as encoding P31 was verified by comparisons between the amino-terminal peptide sequence and the cDNA sequence and cross-hybridization of the translation product of the cDNA clone with P31 antiserum. Northern and western blot analyses of RNA and protein isolated from banana pulp at different stages of ripening indicate that the cDNA and protein are expressed at high levels in the pulp of unripe fruit, and that their abundance decreases as the fruit ripens. Based on its expression pattern and deduced amino acid sequence and composition, we hypothesize that the physiological role of P31 is not for plant protection, but as a storage protein in banana pulp.

L12 ANSWER 8 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN The abundant protein from the pulp of banana fruit (Musa acuminata cv. Grand Nain) was identified and characterized, and a cDNA clone encoding this protein was isolated. Comparison of the N-terminal sequence of the purified 31-kDa protein (P31) suggests that it is related to plant chitinases. Western analyses utilizing rabbit anti-P31 antiserum demonstrate that this protein is pulp-specific in banana. A full-length cDNA clone homologous to class III acidic chitinase genes was isolated from a pulp cDNA library by differential screening. The identity of this clone as encoding P31 was verified by comparisons between the N-terminal peptide sequence and the cDNA sequence and cross-hybridization of the translation product of the cDNA clone with P31 antiserum. Northern and western blot analyses of RNA and protein isolated from banana pulp at different stages of ripening indicate that the cDNA and protein are expressed at high levels in the pulp of unripe fruit, and that their abundance decreases as the fruit ripens. Based on its expression pattern and deduced amino acid sequence and composition, the physiol. role of P31 may not be for plant protection, but as a storage protein in banana pulp.

=> d 9 ab

- L12 ANSWER 9 OF 12 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN

 DUPLICATE 3
- AB During banana (Musa acuminata L.) fruit ripening ethylene production triggers a developmental cascade that is accompanied by a massive conversion of starch to sugars, an associated burst of respiratory activity, and an increase in protein synthesis. Differential screening of cDNA libraries representing banana pulp at ripening stages 1 and 3 has led to the isolation of 11 nonredundant groups of differentially expressed mRNAs. Identification of these transcripts by partial sequence analysis indicates that two of the mRNAs encode proteins involved in carbohydrate metabolism, whereas others encode proteins thought to be associated with pathogenesis, senescence, or stress responses in plants. Their relative abundance in the pulp and tissue-specific distribution in greenhouse-grown banana plants were determined by northern-blot analyses. The relative abundance of transcripts encoding starch synthase, granule-bound starch synthase, chitinase, lectin, and a type-2 metallothionein decreased in pulp during ripening. Transcripts encoding endochitinase, beta-1 ,3-glucanase, a thaumatin-like protein, ascorbate peroxidase, metallothionein, and a putative senescence-related protein increased early in ripening. The elucidation of the molecular events associated with banana ripening will facilitate a better understanding and control of these processes, and will allow us to attain our long-term goal of producing candidate oral vaccines in transgenic banana plants.

=> d 12 aGB
'AGB' IS NOT A VALID FORMAT
In a multifile environment, a format can only be used if it is valid in at least one of the files. Refer to file specific help messages or the STNGUIDE file for information on formats available in individual files.
REENTER DISPLAY FORMAT FOR ALL FILES (FILEDEFAULT):AB

L12 ANSWER 12 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN

=> ab

AB IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND

The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system. For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> d 12 ab

L12 ANSWER 12 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN

=> d 12 so

- L12 ANSWER 12 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
- SO Plant Physiology (Rockville), (1996) Vol. 111, No. 2 SUPPL., pp. 34.

 Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the American Society of Plant
 Physiologists. San Antonio, Texas, USA. July 27-31, 1996.

 CODEN: PLPHAY. ISSN: 0032-0889.

=> s 113 and banana

L14 10 L13 AND BANANA

=> dup rem 114
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L14
L15 8 DUP REM L14 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-8 ti

- L15 ANSWER 1 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN TI DNA regulatory elements associated with fruit development
- L15 ANSWER 2 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN Edible plant vaccines: Applications for prophylactic and therapeutic molecular medicine.
- L15 ANSWER 3 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN TI Plant-based vaccines: Expression and oral immunogenicity.
- L15 ANSWER 4 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Expression of immunogenic hepatitis B surface antigens in transgenic plants
- L15 ANSWER 5 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Orally immunogenic bacterial enterotoxins expressed in transgenic plants
- L15 ANSWER 6 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN TI Transgenic banana containing the hepatitis B surface antigen.
- L15 ANSWER 7 OF 8 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 1
- TI Generation of transgenic **banana** (Musa acuminata) plants via Agrobacterium-mediated transformation.
- L15 ANSWER 8 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN TI Expression of genes encoding candidate vaccines in transgenic plants.

=> d pi

L15	ANSWER 1 OF 8	CAPLUS COP	YRIGHT 2004	ACS on STN	
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	US 2003226175	A1	20031204	US 2001-892635	20010628
	US 6284946	B1	20010904	US 1998-160351	19980925

=> d 2 ab

L15 ANSWER 2 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN The use of edible plants for the production and delivery of vaccine proteins could provide an economical alternative to fermentation systems. Genes encoding bacterial and viral antigens are faithfully expressed in edible tissues to form immunogenic proteins. Studies in animals and humans have shown that ingestion of transgenic plants containing vaccine proteins causes production of antigen-specific antibodies in serum and mucosal secretions. In general, the technology is limited by low expression levels for nuclear-integrated transgenes, but recent progress in plant organelle transformation shows promise for enhanced expression. The stability and immunogenicity of orally delivered antigens vary greatly, which necessitates further study on protein engineering to enhance mucosal delivery. These issues are discussed with regard to the further development of plant-based vaccine technology.

=> d 2 pi

L15 ANSWER 2 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN

=> d 2 so

L15 ANSWER 2 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN SO Trends in Molecular Medicine, (July, 2002) Vol. 8, No. 7, pp. 324-329. print.

ISSN: 1471-4914.

=> d 3 ab

L15 ANSWER 3 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN AB The use of plants for production and delivery of vaccine proteins has shown promise in research conducted during the past decade. Genes encoding bacterial and viral antigens are faithfully expressed, processed, and assembled in plant cells to form immunogenic proteins. Studies in animals and humans showed that ingestion of transgenic potato containing vaccine proteins caused production of antigen-specific antibodies in serum and mucosal secretions. Future studies must aim to improve antigen expression and to develop processes to formulate plant material for antigen stability and convenient oral delivery. Furthermore, production methods should ensure the containment of pharmaceutical crops and prevent contamination of the food supply.

=> d 3 so

L15 ANSWER 3 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN SO In Vitro Cellular and Developmental Biology Plant, (May-June, 2002) Vol. 38, No. 3, pp. 237-240. print. CODEN: IVCPEO. ISSN: 1054-5476.

=> d 4 so

L15 ANSWER 4 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN SO PCT Int. Appl., 144 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2

=> d 4 pi

L15	ANS	ANSWER 4 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN																		
							_													
PΙ	WO 2000037610									WO 1		19991223								
	WO	2000	0376	10		A3		2002	0613											
		W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DΕ,		
			DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,		
			ΚP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,		
			NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,		
			UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM		
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,		
			DK,	ES,	FΙ,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,		
			CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG						
	CA	2357	004			AA	AA 20000629 CA 1999-23							004	19991223					
	ΑU	2000	0259	49		A 1		20000712			AU 2000-25949						19991223			
	EP	1230	257			A2		2002	0814]	EP 1	999-		1.	9991	223				
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,		
			ΙE,	FI,	CY					-										
	BR	9916	522			Α		2002	1224]	BR 1	999-	1652	2		1:	9991	223		
	JP	JP 2003512812				T2		2003	0408	JP 2000-589666						19991223				
	US	6551	820			В1		2003	0422	1	US 1	999-	4715	73		15	9991	223		
	US	2004	0865	30		A1		2004	0506	1	US 2	003-	3357	74		20	0030	102		

=> d 5 so

L15 ANSWER 5 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN SO PCT Int. Appl., 103 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

=> d 5 pi

L15		SWER !					D :	DATE						NO.		D	ATE	
ΡI		2000				A2		2000	0629	1	WO 1:	999-1	US30	747		1:	9991	222
	WO	2000																
		W:	ΑL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	ВG,	BR,	BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,
			DK,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	ΙL,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,
			KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,
•			NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	sī,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,
						UZ,												
		RW:				LS,		-	-					-		-		
						FR,								-				
						GΑ,	-								~_,	,	,	- ,
	CA	2359			•	AA			•	•		•				1 (99912	222
		2000															99912	
											MU Z	000-	2301	0		1.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	422
		7739																
		9916															99912	222
	\mathbf{EP}	1175	144			A2	2 200203			EP 1999-967556						19991222		
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
						LV,			•	,		- •	-,	-,	-,	-,	-,	-,

JP 2002533068 T2 20021008 JP 2000-589665 19991222 US 2003176653 A1 20030918 US 2002-334729 20021230

=> d 6 so

L15 ANSWER 6 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN SO In Vitro Cellular and Developmental Biology Animal, (March, 2000) Vol. 36, No. 3 Part 2, pp. 61.A. print.

Meeting Info.: Meeting of the Society for In Vitro Biology World Congress on In Vitro Biology. San Diego, California, USA. June 10-15, 2000. ISSN: 1071-2690.

=> d 7 so

- L15 ANSWER 7 OF 8 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 1
- SO Bio/technology, May 1995. Vol. 13, No. 5. p. 486-492 Publisher: [New York, N.Y.: Nature Publishing, CODEN: BTCHDA; ISSN: 0733-222X

=> d7 ab

L15 ANSWER 7 OF 8 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

(2004) on STN DUPLICATE 1

=> d 8 so

L15 ANSWER 8 OF 8 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN SO AIDS Research and Human Retroviruses, (1994) Vol. 10, No. SUPPL. 2, pp. S67.

Meeting Info.: Sixth Annual Meeting of the National Cooperative Vaccine Development Groups for AIDS on Advances in AIDS Vaccine Development. Alexandria, Virginia, USA. October 30-November 4, 1993. CODEN: ARHRE7. ISSN: 0889-2229.

- => s ((gomez lim, m?) or (gomez lim, m?))/au L16 53 ((GOMEZ LIM, M?) OR (GOMEZ LIM, M?))/AU
- => s 117 and banana L18 7 L17 AND BANANA

=> dup rem 118 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L18 L19 5 DUP REM L18 (2 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-5 ti

- L19 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 TI DNA regulatory elements associated with fruit development
- L19 ANSWER 2 OF 5 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN TI Genetic transformation of some tropical species.

- L19 ANSWER 3 OF 5 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 1
- TI The abundant 31-kilodalton **banana** pulp protein is homologous to class-III acidic chitinases.
- L19 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI The abundant 31-kilodalton **banana** pulp protein is homologous to class-III acidic chitinases
- L19 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2
 TI Ethylene biosynthesis in banana fruit: isolation of a genomic clone to ACC oxidase and expression studies

=> d 5 ab

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2 AΒ In this paper we persent the expression studies and structural anal. of one genomic sequence isolated from banana. Using a RNA-based PCR amplification of ACC oxidase cDNAs from ripe banana, we obtained a product of 800 bp which after sequence anal. was found to code for a protein highly homologous to ACC oxidase proteins. This PCR product was used as probe for screening a genomic library and three different groups of clones were obtained as indicated by restriction mapping. One clone (ACO1) was selected for further study and fully sequenced. Comparison of this sequence with the PCR products and other closed ACC oxidase genes, revealed that ACO1 encoded the transcript in four exons interrupted by three introns. Southern blot anal. showed a major band hybridizing to the PCR probe suggesting that the ACC oxidase gene is present in a single copy or that the genes are clustered as is the case in tomato and carnation. By northern blot anal. it was found that the ACC oxidase transcript appears in the pulp earlier than in the peel but that exogenous ethylene alters this pattern and the transcript is expressed in the peel first.

=> d 5 so

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2 SO Plant Science (Shannon, Ireland) (1997), 123(1,2), 123-131 CODEN: PLSCE4; ISSN: 0168-9452

=> s ((arntzen c?) or (arntzen, c?))/au L20 623 ((ARNTZEN C?) OR (ARNTZEN, C?))/AU

=> s 120 and banana

L21 16 L20 AND BANANA

=> dup rem 121 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L21 L22 11 DUP REM L21 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> d 1-11 ti

- L22 ANSWER 1 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 TI DNA regulatory elements associated with fruit development
- L22 ANSWER 2 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
- TI Edible plant vaccines: Applications for prophylactic and therapeutic

molecular medicine.

- L22 ANSWER 3 OF 11 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 1
- TI Agrobacterium-mediated transformation of embryogenic cell suspensions of the banana cultivar Rasthali (AAB).
- L22 ANSWER 4 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Expression of immunogenic hepatitis B surface antigens in transgenic plants
- L22 ANSWER 5 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Orally immunogenic bacterial enterotoxins expressed in transgenic plants
- L22 ANSWER 6 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. OR STN
- TI Transgenic banana containing the hepatitis B surface antigen.
- L22 ANSWER 7 OF 11 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 2
- TI The abundant 31-kilodalton banana pulp protein is homologous to class-III acidic chitinases.
- L22 ANSWER 8 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI The abundant 31-kilodalton banana pulp protein is homologous to class-III acidic chitinases
- $_{
 m L22}$ ANSWER 9 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on
- TI Isolation and identification of genes differentially expressed during banana fruit ripening.
- L22 ANSWER 10 OF 11 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 3
- TI Generation of transgenic **banana** (Musa acuminata) plants via Agrobacterium-mediated transformation.
- L22 ANSWER 11 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
- TI Expression of genes encoding candidate vaccines in transgenic plants.

=> d 3 ab

- L22 ANSWER 3 OF 11 AGRICOLA Compiled and distributed by the National Agricultural Library of the Department of Agriculture of the United States of America. It contains copyrighted materials. All rights reserved.

 (2004) on STN DUPLICATE 1
- AB A protocol was developed for establishing embryogenic suspension cultures from in vitro-grown, thin shoot-tip sections of the banana cultivar Rasthali. The best medium for callus induction was an MS-based medium supplemented with 2 mg/l 2,4-D and 0.2 mg/l zeatin. The callus was transferred to liquid medium to establish embryogenic cell suspensions. These cultures were subsequently used for Agrobacterium-mediated transformation. The Agrobacterium tumefaciens strain EHA105 containing the binary vector pVGSUN with the als gene as a selectable marker and an intron-containing the gusA gene as a reporter gene was used for transformations. The herbicide Glean was used as a selection agent. Two

hundred putative transformants were recovered, of which a set of 16 was tested by histochemical analysis for GUS expression and by Southern blot analysis with a probe for the gusA gene. The plants were positive for GUS expression and integration of the gusA gene. Two of the transformants were grown to maturity under greenhouse conditions. Bananas were harvested to test GUS expression by histochemical analysis. The fruit from both transgenics tested positive for GUS expression.

=> d 9 ab

 $_{
m L22}$ ANSWER 9 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN

=> d 9 so

- L22 ANSWER 9 OF 11 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. on STN
- Plant Physiology (Rockville), (1996) Vol. 111, No. 2 SUPPL., pp. 34. Meeting Info.: Annual Meeting of the American Society of Plant Physiologists. San Antonio, Texas, USA. July 27-31, 1996. CODEN: PLPHAY. ISSN: 0032-0889.